

MASSACRE OF THE JEWS

Will Follow the Acquittal of Zola, Says Comte Esterhazy.

HE WILL LEAD THE MOB HIMSELF.

There is a Change of Sentiment Toward the Novelist and There Were No Demonstrations.

New York, February 15.—In the statement made by Count Esterhazy to the Journal's Paris correspondent he is credited with the following: "I appear in the witness box tomorrow. I am half dead with bronchitis, and shall not be able to speak well, but I have no fear. I never knew fear. I first faced fire as a soldier, when 17 years old, and my heart did not beat more than it does now. I am so little afraid of Zola and his crowd of 1500 scoundrels that I wish they were all in this room, and I had a stick, and though I have only one lung, I would face them all. Dreyfus was guilty. There were 151 pieces of documentary evidence against him. His trial will never be revised. If Dreyfus were ever to set foot in France again there would be 100,000 corpses of Jews on the soil. If Zola is acquitted there will be a revolution in Paris. The people will put me at their head in a massacre of the Jews."

CHANGE TOWARD ZOLA.

Significant Calm and Absence of Demonstration Against Him.

New York, February 15.—A dispatch to the Herald from Paris says: A remarkable change was manifest yesterday in the demeanor of the public toward Emile Zola. In the crowds of people who collected outside of the Palais de Justice there could not have been more than a dozen or so at the most who went with the express intention of manifesting their feelings for or against Zola. The impression obtained by a Herald correspondent, who was present outside the court from the time of Zola's arrival until his departure at 3:30, was one of calm—such calm as that which one might expect if hostile intentions had ever been shown by the public toward the novelist.

At 10 o'clock there were few people in the Galerie de la Justice, facing the Place Dauphine, and when Zola arrived at 12 o'clock at the Quai des Orfèvres the number was not perceptibly increased. He was greeted with a few cries of "Abas Zola!" and "Vive Zola!" with an accompaniment of whistles from a small body of anti-Semites. It is a notable fact that there were no cries of "Vive Esterhazy!" when the military witnesses arrived.

As the day wore on the number of people increased until there must have been at least 20,000 on the various quays and the Place Dauphine. The day being the Paris workmen's holiday, a great part of them were among the crowd.

An incident of the afternoon provided matter of much gossip. Prince Henri d'Orléans presented himself at the court, but was refused entrance because he was not provided with a special permit.

Zola left there came from the Quai de la Neuvieille a crowd of whistles. About a dozen anti-Semites had taken up a position on the parapet of the quay and did not lose this opportunity at great distance of manifesting against Zola.

Now, the question arises, is what we attribute this change from the vociferous demonstrations of last week? It was suggested that the answer could only be one of two things—either the police previously employed agents provocateurs, who are now withdrawn, or the public feeling toward Zola has been influenced in his favor by the reading of the reports of the trial.

NO CRIMINAL INCIDENT.

Opinions As to the Issues of the Trial Vary.

Paris, February 15.—The trial of Emile Zola and M. Perrier at the court of the Seine today was not marked by any incident. The crowd present was not so large as yesterday. Opinions as to the issues of the trial vary greatly. While some people are already discussing the extent of the sentences, others regard the acquittal of the defendants as certain, as it is evident the court is becoming more favorably disposed toward M. Zola.

The presiding judge today disallowed the request of counsel for M. Zola that the experts heard at the Esterhazy court martial should be called to testify.

General Gossu appeared on the witness stand and protested against the assertion made by M. Journe, the socialist deputy, on Saturday last, that the general staff had refused to enlighten him on the Dreyfus affair.

M. Janin, a handwriting expert, strenuously denied that he had accepted to

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Permanently Cures

Scrofula,

which is one of the worst affections of the human race, and comes from impure blood.

Eczema,

a most offensive and uncomfortable affection of the skin, also due to impure blood.

Salt Rheum,

a torment to the flesh, a disfigurement to the body, and a drain on the system, also due to vitiated blood.

Pimples,

which so disfigure the skin, and make the human face divine anything but a thing of beauty, but which are Nature's advertisement of foul blood.

Catarrh,

which very often comes from a chronic affection of the circulation, is a constant offense to one's self and all his friends.

Rheumatism,

which all authorities now attribute to various poisons in the blood, which this great blood purifier of the age, Hood's Sarsaparilla, cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is sold by all druggists. Get it for \$5. Pre-paring for Dr. J. C. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner medicine.

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A SUMMARY OF TODAY'S IMPORTANT NEWS.

CUBA.

The American warship Maine was blown up in the harbor of Havana and many of the sailors were killed and wounded. No explanation of the affair.

Gomez writes that he is in Sancti Spiritus, that he sees failure in autonomy, and that a Spanish convoy with money has been captured.

Spanish populace is said to prefer war to an apology and to be deeply resentful of an alleged apology by Sagasta. Apology is said to have been received.

A Spanish cabinet official says Spain is ashamed and aggrieved over De Lome's bad break.

DOMESTIC.

The leaders of the silver parties have issued an address setting forth the absolute necessity of all bimetallicists striving shoulder to shoulder for the common good.

United States supreme court at St. Louis holds that a deed executed on Sunday is void.

Daughters of the Republic of Texas making an effort to secure Santa Anna's sword from the museum at Cincinnati.

Reports from New England indicate that the unions do not favor a general strike at present.

WASHINGTON.

The house passed a bill regulating loans to attaches of national banks.

Mr. Hall has a resolution passed in the house calling for an estimate of the cost of opening a 100-foot channel at the mouth of Double bayou.

The house to vote on the bankruptcy bill Saturday.

Mr. McKee has not yet been appointed to the new Texas judgeship.

Mr. Bailey was not quoted correctly in a recent interview about his tariff views.

FOREIGN.

Bulgaria demands that Turkey stop oppression of Bulgarians, withdraw her military and diplomatic forces from the Balkans.

Cable from Nicaragua says that all is quiet.

Indications that the feeling against Zola is much modified.

Esterhazy says that if Zola is acquitted there will be a revolution in France, and he will be at the head in a massacre of the Jews.

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THE STATE.

Big cruiser Texas and the gunboat Nashville are in Galveston harbor, where they will remain some days.

Sam Lee's funeral was attended by a large crowd at Galveston.

J. H. Ladd held without bail on a charge of murder at Galveston.

A small wreck near Rosenberg, in which no one was hurt.

An Alaskan in Texas says that the Klondike is the richest gold district in the world.

A negro woman was probably fatally injured by a lamp explosion at Greenville.

Major General Joe G. Booth has made appointments for U. C. V.

A dime novel story of an attempted hold-up comes from Waco.

Strike of stevedores at Port Arthur has not been settled. Sheriff was summoned.

TEXAS POLITICS.

Hon. T. S. Garrison announces for State treasurer.

Leo N. Levi says he doesn't see why any gold demagogue should try to take part in the regular party primaries.

Governor Culberson says Senator Mills will not be permitted to obscure the real issues in the campaign.

SPORT.

Managers of the league clubs will try to get Van Der Ahe out of his troubles by paying the amount, one-half being already raised in St. Louis.

Maher put out "Thunderbolt" Smith in the third round.

RAILROAD.

The Pittsburg and Gulf has secured a temporary restraining order against the enforcement of the Santa Fe's notice given several days ago.

Cotton rate hearing continued before the railroad commission.

Rates to the Mardi Gras being slashed east of the river.

Work on the International and Great Northern new passenger station has begun.

COMMERCIAL.

New Orleans export cotton 1-3/4 off with sales of 3000 bales; New York down 1-1/2 and other spot markets unchanged.

Cotton futures in New York practically unchanged, New Orleans 1 to 5 down and Liverpool 2-1/4 lower.

In Chicago wheat advances 1/4, corn 1/8, oats 1/8 and pork 20 cents.

Sharp rally in stocks with London buying American securities which they sold last year.

LOCAL.

The closing session of the Lutheran synod.

Those interested in tobacco growing in Texas arranging for the establishment of a warehouse here.

Non-commissioned officers appointed for the Houston Light Artillery.

The Bloor Chalmers society has arranged to have its picnic hall on March 1.

Enthusiasm for the Florence Crittenton Rescue Mission.

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THE MILLING SITUATION.

General Strike of All Operatives Is Not Probable.

TO CONCENTRATE ON NEW BEDFORD.

Proposition Under Consideration at Lowell to Have the Yarn Mill Operatives Join the Strikers.

Lowell, Mass., February 15.—From present indications the recommendation of the conference committee which met at Boston Sunday advocating a general strike in the cotton mills of New England will fall flat in this city. President William L. Kimball of the Weavers' union said last night:

"There will be no strike here as long as the professional agitators keep away and allow us to manage our own affairs."

At the meeting of the Ring Spinners' union last night the recommendation of the conference was entirely ignored, while at the meeting of the union of drawing in girls, weavers and spinners, it was decided that it was inadvisable to consider the recommendation and that all efforts should be concentrated upon the strike at New Bedford for the present.

At the latter meeting it was also voted to communicate with the two local senators, with a view of having the weavers' lines bill amended, as it is not considered sufficiently far reaching.

Agents of the local mills interviewed do not make the recommendation of the conference seriously and some of them state they would welcome a general shut down of the New England mills, as it would curtail production and thus relieve an overstocked market. The store keepers here and in the vicinity of the strike here and few of them expect one.

AT NEW BEDFORD.

Some Talk of Having the Yarn Mill Operatives Strike.

New Bedford, Mass., February 15.—The proposition has been under consideration by the local labor leaders for several days to call out on strike the employees of all the yarn mills in the city, which would bring into idleness 60,000 additional operatives, or a total of 150,000. This proposition is independent of that for a general strike all through New England, and the effect of this movement, it is claimed, would be such a serious menace to local banks that it would result in overtures for a settlement of all present difficulties by the manufacturers, whose interests are allied with those of the city's financial institutions. It is urged that the longer the strike is delayed the more difficult will be the weavers' inability to hold out the spinners in the yarn mills, who have not thus far been out, will receive notice of a reduction in pay, and the proposition under consideration is intended to prevent that.

NOT WELL RECEIVED.

Proposition of a General Strike Is Not Encouraged.

Boston, February 15.—The proposition of the American Federation of Labor to order a general strike in the textile mills of New England seems to meet with a decidedly cool reception in the manufacturing centers, where at present there is no trouble. There are two reasons put forward for this: First, that the operatives do not see what they are to gain by it, and second, they have elected in the last of faith their financial help to carry on the struggle in New Bedford. In several cities last night the operatives of cotton mills met to discuss the general strike proposition. Only in New Bedford was any sympathy shown for it.

To Provide for Arbitration.

Washington, February 15.—The committee on education and labor today decided by a unanimous vote to report favorably the bill prepared by the trustees of the country and recently introduced in the senate by Senator Kyle, providing for the arbitration of strikes by a board of arbitrators to be chosen by the strikers and the interstate commerce committee.

WILL PUT APART HIS CHILD-WIFE.

General Cassius M. Clay to Apply for a Divorce From Dora.

Richmond, Ky., February 12.—From a source that is regarded as thoroughly reliable, the Globe-Democrat correspondent learns that General Cassius M. Clay has made up his mind to divorce his child-wife Dora, and will shortly take the necessary legal steps to free himself from his strange marital relations with this girl of 17. He has, it is said, already reduced to writing the main points in his petition. His ground will not be incompatibility of temper or infidelity, but lunacy, the petition alleging that Dora has been drugged by members of the Kentucky State Guard, and is now in a state of insanity.

While he will put her away, he will, it is declared, never allow her to want, but will see that she does not suffer for the necessities of life. These facts were communicated by the general to a personal friend. The Kentucky State Guard will, it is said, stubbornly oppose the divorce proceedings. Dora is now at her brother John Richardson's, at Valley View, and knows nothing of her husband's determination to put her away. She has never met her personal effects back to White Hall, and while the general has kept her supplied with money and food, it has all along been apparent that he does not desire her return. The report has revived interest in the old love and child-wife.

REAR END COLLISION.

Engine Was Smashed but No One Was Hurt.

Rosenberg, Texas, February 15.—As No. 7 Santa Fe southbound passenger train was entering Dyer, a small station six miles north of this place, it ran into the rear end of a southbound freight train, demolishing the passenger engine and caboose of the freight train and damaging the express car considerably.

The engineer and fireman jumped, escaping unhurt. The passengers were considerably knocked about, but all escaped serious injury.

No one reached this place about seven hours late.

Household Gods.

The ancient Greeks believed that the Pantheon were the gods who attended to the welfare and prosperity of the family. They were worshipped as household gods in every home. The household god of today is Dr. King's New Discovery. For consumption, coughs, colds, and for all affections of Throat, Chest and Lungs it is invaluable. It has been tried for a quarter of a century and is guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. No household should be without this good angel. It is pleasant to take and a safe and sure remedy for old and young. Free trial bottles at Geo. W. Heyer's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

Harris Resolution on the Kansas Pacific Sale Passed.

SIX MILLION DOLLARS INVOLVED.

The Reorganization Committee Supposed to Be Trying to Evade the Interest-House Proceedings.

Washington, February 15.—A resolution of inquiry offered yesterday by Mr. Harris (Kan.) precipitated a spirited discussion of the Kansas Pacific question today. The resolution called upon the attorney general for the reasons inducing him to abandon his plan of redeeming the first mortgage bonds of the Kansas branch of the Union Pacific and having the road operated by a receiver. Mr. Harris denounced the present plan to sell the road at the bid of the reorganization committee as defrauding the government of something more than \$6,000,000. Mr. Foraker (Ohio) explained the view taken of the matter by the administration showing the president was convinced the reorganization committee proposed to pay for the road all that it was worth. The resolution was finally passed in amended form.

Washington, February 15.—Mr. Pettus (Ala.) at once offered and secured the passage of a resolution requesting the president, if compatible with the public interest, to inform the senate what action has been taken in reference to the murder of Segundo N. Lopez, a citizen of the United States, on the 11th of April, 1896, in the district of San Diego del Villa, Maguajal, Cuba, by armed soldiers of Spain, commanded by Colonel Estruch.

The resolution introduced yesterday by Mr. Harris (Kan.) directing the attorney general to furnish the senate information as to the agreement reached by the government with the reorganization committee of the Union Pacific railway, concerning the Kansas branch, was laid before the senate.

Mr. Chandler said he had no objection to the resolution, but did not approve of the preamble, which included a press dispatch.

Mr. Harris replied that he might not insist upon the preamble after he had made a statement. The Union Pacific, he said, for a long time had attempted to defraud congress and officials of the administration to scale down the debt of that company to the government at least 50 percent. Until a year ago last June the company had been unsuccessful. At that time they made an arrangement with Mr. Cleveland's administration by which the road was to be disposed of with a loss to the government of about \$25,000,000. Mr. Harris outlined the reasons why that agreement was not carried into effect.

Public sentiment was aroused from Maine to California, the demand of the people, he said, being that they should not be swindled out of the enormous sum mentioned.

At the same time, however, came into power the question was scrambled upon, and the government finally obtained every cent due from the Union Pacific on the main line.

"We are all very glad," said Mr. Harris, "that the government received its just due, and nobody has more cordially congratulated the present administration than